"Population Research Centres"

(Website: https://prc.mohfw.gov.in/)

Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW) has established the network of 18 Population Research Centres (PRCs) spread over 16 major States of India, with the mandate to provide, inter alia, critical research based inputs related to the Health and Family Welfare Programs and Policies at the national and state levels. The scheme started with establishment of 2 PRCs at Delhi and Kerala in the year 1958 and has now expanded to 18 PRCs with latest inclusion of PRC, Sagar in 1999. Of these, 12 are attached to various Universities and 6 are in research institutions of national repute.

PRCs are 100% funded by MoHFW in form of grants in aid to meet the expenditure towards salary, allowances, approved research studies, infrastructure development, non-recurring expenditure etc. The Centres are administratively under the control of their host University/Institutions. The list of PRCs and their Host University/Institute is at **Annexure-A**

PRCs have an interdisciplinary group of scholars, a blend of demographers, statisticians, economists, mathematicians, sociologists and other specialists and they are actively engaged in research work which is published in Indian and International journals. There is no other pan-India network with similar skills and capabilities in population studies and in carrying out research on contemporary issues pertaining to social sciences, Health and Nutrition.

The PRCs undertake research relating to family planning, demographic research and biological studies & qualitative aspect of population control, with a view to gainfully utilize the feedback from these research studies for plan formulation, strategies and policy interventions of ongoing schemes. The expertise of PRC staff is also used for looking at the priority areas of flagship programmes such as operationalisation of the HWCs and the services, review of quality of the training of the MLHPs, implementation of Laqshya, HBNC/HBYC, RBSK, STEMI, ANMOL/RCH portal, NQAS etc.In addition to the regular regional/state specific research, the PRCs are also involved in a number of Pan India study/research by the Ministry and sample surveys like DLHS, NFHS, LASI etc. PRCs are also involved in the monitoring of important components of NHM Programme Implementation Plans (PIP) of the districts allotted by Ministry every year. The yearwise research studies and monitoring of PIP districts conducted by PRCs is at **Annexure-B**. PRCs submit these reports regularly to the Ministry. The PRCs have completed more than 4000 research studies; since inception. They have more than 110 research papers published in prestigious International journals. The reports received from PRCs are regularly shared with the stakeholders every year so that the feedback from these research studies are used for formulation, strategies and modifications of ongoing schemes.

Annexure- A

List of PRCs and their Host University/Institute

Sl. N 0.	PRC	Host University/Institute	Year of Establi shment
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	PRC, Delhi	Institute of Economic Growth, Delhi	1958
2	PRC, Kerala	University of Kerala, Trivandurm	1958
3	PRC, Dharwad	JSS Institute of Economic Research, Dharwad	1961
4	PRC, Gandhigram	Rural H&FW Trust, Gandhigram (TN)	1961
5	PRC, Pune	Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics, Pune	1963
6	PRC, Patna	PatnaUniversity, Patna 1966	
7	PRC, Lucknow	LucknowUniversity, Lucknow	1966
8	PRC, Baroda	MS University, Baroda	1967
9	PRC, Banglore	Institute of Social and Economic Change, Bangalore	1972
10	PRC, Udaipur	UdaipurUniversity, Udaipur	1977
11	PRC, Vishakhapattanam	AndhraUniversity, Vishakhapattanam	1977
12	PRC, Guwahati	GuwahatiUniversity, Guwahati	1977
13	PRC, Bhubaneshwar	UtkalUniversity, Bhubaneshwar	1977
14	PRC, PunjabUniversity, Chandigarh	PunjabUniversity, Chandigarh	1978
15	PRC, Srinagar	University of Srinagar (J&K)	1985
16	PRC, CRRID Chandigarh	Centre for Research in Rural and Industrial Development (C RRID) CRRID, Chandigarh	1986
17	PRC, Shimla	HimachalUniversity, Shimla	1988
18	PRC, Sagar	Dr.HarisinghGour University, Sagar	1999

Annexure- B

Yearwise research studies and monitoring of PIP districts conducted by PRCs

Year	No. of AWP Studies	No. districts covered in PIP Monitoring of NHM
2021-22	119	416
2020-21 *	95	-
2019-20	39	459
2018-19	82	177
2017-18	80	184
2016-17	98	186
2015-16	92	198
2014-15	104	212

* Only secondary studies assigned during the year due to the pandemic.